The Lewistown Republican,

AND MIFFLIN COUNTY WORKING-MEN'S ADVOCATE.

HENRY EISENBISE, Editor & Publisher. LEWISTOWN Pa., Wednesday, MAY 10, 1843. Vol. 1.— No 23

TERMS.

The Lewistown Republican,

AND MIFFLIN COUNTY WORKING-MEN'S ADVOCATE,

will be published every Wednesday, on a fine imperial sheet, at Two Dollars per annum, if paid in advance—or Two Dollars and twenty-five cents if delayed until the end of six months—and Two Dollars and fifty cnes if not paid within the year—exclusive of postage. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrenges are discharged. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be considered as a new engagement.

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A deduction made to those who advertise by the year.

All letters or communications wishing attention in usth addressed POST PAID.

Poetry.

Early Affection.

When all the joys arise to mind,
Which we, beloved, have shared together,
And Recollection looks behind,
To youth's serene and sunny weather;
No wonder—girt with gloom around—
With frowning clouds of care and sadness,
If, while I think of thee, my mind
Hangs o'er the very verge of madness.

The dream of bliss that lull'd us then,
By dark reality unbroken,
Ere Disappointment proved her den
Was earth, by many a bitter token,—
Oft, as I pondered o'er the past
Awakens in primeval glory,
Glowing magnificent, o'ercast
With splendor, like an eastern story.

The bloom that hangs upon the tree
Is strewn with tempests in derision;
The flower that opens to the bee,
Is only for a passing season:
Even so the springtide of the heart,
And love that speaks of pleasures only,
Like rainbows gleam; and so depart,
With all their light, to leave us lonely!

But thou hast changed not—steadfastly
Thy mind hath stood, and altered never,
And storms have passed unheeded by,
Unheard or disregarded ever.
Like clouds that sail before the moon,
With momentary haze obscuring
In silver orb, but passing soon,
To leave its beauty more alluring.

The happy days that once were ours,
Can never rise again before us,
Nor Autumn's sunny evening hours
Cast such a glowing mantle o'er us;
Nor Summer shower a beauty round,
As first it shower'd on field and meadow;
Nor such a holy calm be found
In Evening's dark delicious shadow.

But come what may, earth cannot be
The seat or scene of hapless sorrow,
To him, whose soul is bent from thee
Its store of happiness to borrow;
In all thy woes to bear a part,
In all thy pleasures to attend thee,
And feel that never from his heart
Can aught that ever happens rend thee,

And still I would not give, my sweet,
One hour that finds me hang about thee,
For all the treasures at my feet,
That worlds beside could lend without thee;
So fondly, firmly intertwin'd
With thee, are my dreams of pleasure;
Thou art the idol of my mind,
My heart's desire and secret treasure.

Then come what may—thou wilt not leave
My heart in solitude to languish;
To sadly pine, and vainly grieve,
Amid mankind, in lonely anguish:
No, but the earth a home of love
Will surely be to him, who borrows
From the all fickle change above,
A more than solace for his sorrows.

Country Life.

The country life prevails at present in England beyond any cultivated nation in Europe; but it was much more generally embraced by the higher classes during the time of King James, who discouraged the nobility as much as possible from a city life, which became more popular with the increase of the arts, pleasures and commerce of the metropolis. "He was wont," says Lord Bacon, "to be very earnest with the country gentlemen to go from London to their country seats, and sometimes would say to them: "Gentlemen, at London you are like ships in a sea, which show like nothing; but at your country estates, you are like ships in the river, which look like great things." Queen Elizabeth had perceived, with regret, the increase of London, and restrained the erection of all new buildings by proclamation! James, who found that these edicts were not exactly obeyed, frequently renewed them. He also issued frequent proclamations, in imitation of his predecessor, containing severe menaces against the gentry who lived in in town. This policy is contrary to that which has ever been practised.

A Select Tale.

The Mistake.

BY W. LEGGET.

——— Haply for I am black,
And have not those soft parts of conversation
The chamberers have; or, for I am declined
Into the vale of years; yet that's not much.
SHAKSPEARE.

It was in that beautiful season of the year, when the extreme heats of the summer have passed away and the delicious days and more delicious evenings of autumn have succeeded; when the air is filled with music, and the fanning breeze bears health and fragrance on its wings, and when the darkened hue of field and forest, though still unfaded and lovely in their verdure, whispers that, like things earthly, they are blasting to decay—it was in such a season, not many years ago, that the incidents of the following tale occurred.

Twilight had commenced her melancholy reign, in a valley of the Catskill mountains, though the lingering glory of the sunken sun was still glowing, like a flood of molten gold upon their summits, when two persons, a young man and woman, issuing from the shadow of the woods, by a little path, seated themselves on the fallen trunk of a tree beside a rill that rippled at their feet. The female appeared to be about twenty years old, and was arrayed in the simple and modest attire, which is one of the most common characteristics of our country maidens. She was not beautiful, yet she possessed, in a high degree, the indescribable charm with which the rosy cheeks and laughing eyes of women are always accompanied, when those roses are bestowed by health and exercise, and that laughing expression is promoted by innocence. One of our own sweetest poets has beatifully and truly said, that

———Woman's eye,
In court or cottage, wheresoe'er her home,
Hath a heart-spell, too holy and too high,
To be o'erpassed even by her worshipper, Poesy.

The young man seemed four or five years older; and though dressed in the homespun cotton clothing, much used by the farmers of middling degree, in our mountain districts, was certainly handsome; if we may so term the manly and independent expression, which honesty and toil bestow upon their followers.—He held the hand of the fair companion within his own, and was conversing with her, in that low and softly modulated tone, which is taught by love itself, while she sat listening, 'nothing loth,' or we might rather say, 'with greedy ear devouring his discourse.'

'You know, Sally,' it was thus the conversation ran, 'you know that my affairs are very much changed for the worse, since you gave me your word that you would be my wife. If farmer Schemly hadn't died, before he finished his mill-power, I dare say he'd a-been able to have sold it for enough to pay me all that I lent him, and taken up that deuced note himself; but as it is, it must all come out of my little farm, and then I shan't have much left. But these hands will be left, Sally, and this heart will be left; you needn't be afraid while I have the one, but we shall always be able to get a comfortable living, and the love of the other will last till my heart grows cold in death, and these hands are folded over it in the sleep of the grave. However, Sally, you have beauty and merit enough to get a husband. If you repent your bargain, I give you back your word, and though I shall always love you, to my dying day, not one syllable of complaint shall ever pass my lips.'

'William, I have known you a long time, and I never heard you speak so unkindly before,' responded Sally. 'When you pressed me to be your wife and I owned that I loved you, and gave you my promise, do you suppose that there was falsehood in my heart, and I only wanted to get a husband that would make a lady of me, so that I need have nothing to do? Do you think so meanly of me, William, as to believe it was your snug farm, and the new house that you had built, and the dairy house, and your cattle, that made me love you? If you do you know little of my heart. When I looked round, and saw every thing so pleasant and so prosperous about you, I was glad in my soul; but it was on your account as much as on my own. I have often thought, when the twilight came down upon the valley to make every thing look misty and dim, and brought sad feelings along with it, that if William's house was to be burnt down, and his cattle were to die, and the sheriff was to seize his farm, and he himself to be put into prison, that I would love him still, with a truth that time could'n alter, nor absence divide. And why did I love you, William? Was it because affairs went on so smoothly with you, and you wore smart clothes, and rode a fine horse, and rode so well? I can lay lay my hand here, and answer no. Was it because you beat all the young men in the village playing ball, and pitching quoits, and such things? You can't believe me so foolish. No, I'll tell you why it was. You was a good son, lengthening out your old father's and mother's days by your obedience and kindness to them; and you was constant at meetings on Sabbaths, and always had something for the plate; and more than all, you went about doing good without letting people know who it was that did it; and it was by mere chance I may say, that I found out 'twas you that helped my own cousin Harry out of his trouble, and paid the debt yourself. 'Twas for these things that I loved you, William: and here's my hand, if you choose to take it; it's one that will hold by you through good report, and through evil report, and leave you only when death unlocks its grasp.'

Tears stood in the eyes of both these rustic lovers; and when the pious and affectionate girl had finished speaking, she was folded to as manly and as true a bosom as ever was lighted by the flame of love. Imprinting a pure kiss, sweet and long,' upon her cheek, William arose from his seat.

'Sally,' said he, 'I never doubted your truth, but I have observed Squire Wilding, since he came up here last spring, has put himself often into your way, and seems to admire you very much. I don't like to be uncharitable; but I'm thinking Parson Goodman wouldn't have him listen to his sermons, if it wasn't on your account. I had made up my mind to speak to you about it; for, thinks I, it will not show my love much if I stand between her and such a fortune.'

'You mean kindly, Will, I know you do,' returned the maiden, also rising. 'But I ask you as a favor, never to mention that odious Squire again. If he meant honorably, (and I'm by no means sure of it,) I wouldn't have him—no! not if his cents were all dollars. What! s'pose because he comes here with his dashing carriage and horses, and servants, and dogs, he thinks he's a going to turn over all the young women's heads. Now, merit makes the man; and for my own part, if I was obliged to have a husband, whether or no, and had to choose betwixt the two, I'd take Jack Ratlin, that lost his leg and eye 'board the Chesapeake, by all odds, though he has to maintain himself and his old mother by making mats and such things. Don't mention his name to me any more.'

'Well, Sally, I'm very willing to oblige you in that, as in every thing else you ask; for I find you have good reasons for what you say, and I don't think much of his principles myself.'

'Principles! he has no principles. But come, William, it's time for me to be at home; I'll meet you here to-morrow evening, as I told you.'

'I'll walk with you as far as the lane,' replied he; and entering the foot-path through the woods, they were soon lost to sight.

Not many minutes elapsed after these rustic lovers disappeared, before a person emerged from a leafy and shaded recess among the trees where he had been secreted during the foregoing conversation, into the open moonlight, (for the moon had risen, and was now shedding a beautiful lustre over the scene) his countenance inflamed, and his lips trembling with anger.

'So, so, Mr. William, muttered he; you don't think much of the Squire's principles, it seems; but I'll make you think something of the Squire's power before I am done with you; and you, too, Miss Malapert, you would prefer Jack Ratlin, by all odds would you? But I'll have you in despite of your squeamishness; and then you may come back with your love and sentiment, to be the wife of a clown. A pretty Colin and Chloe! 'pon honor.'—Thus grumbling to himself, the Squire pursued his way to his own house; and sending for his coachman, he gave him some private instructions, repeating them over and over, that he not be misunderstood. 'Remember, Tom, what I have told you,' he concluded, 'and obey to the letter. The 'Three Swans,' about fifteen miles on the main road. I shall leave on horseback early in the morning. Go now and send Dinah up with supper.'

'Dinah has gone down into the village, sir,' answered Tom, grinning, 'to rig herself out for a cuffee ball they're going to have there to-morrow night.'

'Well, go along with yourself, sir, and have supper ready.'

It was on the evening of the next day that a carriage was standing near the place where the lovers were to have their party sheltered from observation by a little thicket that interposed between it and the path we have mentioned. The moon was rising high above the the neighboring mountains, and had been pouring the silent influence of her beauty over the tranquil autumnal scene, lighting up every branch and leaf into silvery beauty; but at this moment a cloud, borne along through the azure heavens, by the scarce felt breeze, passed over its face, and spread a temporary darkness over the earth.

'Who the deuce is the woman that master thinks will come along here, I wonder,' said Tom, (for it was he who was trudging to and fro, near the spot, and had been waiting nearly an hour, in obedience to his master's orders,) I 'spect he's at one of his wild pranks agin and my neck against nothin' he'll git in some cursed hobble yet—hush!—there's some one a comin';' and so saying he glided behind a tree.

A step was heard, tripping along the path, and presently a female in a white dress, made her appearance. She had just reached the tree, and was passing quickly by, when Tom rushed out and seizing hold of her, bore her in his arms to the carriage. She shrieked and endeavored to get loose, but was too firmly held. 'Egad,' said Tom, 'you've pretty good lungs of your own, Miss; and ain't very bad off in the way of muscle; but you see, there's no kind o'use in making such a thundering noise, for go you shall, and there's an end of it—so there!' (slamming to the carriage door) 'you screech now as long as you please. My maxim is to 'bey orders, if I break owners.' So saying the coachman mounted the box, and drove off at full speed.

We will request our readers to accompany us, for a few minutes, to an obscure inn, 'The Three Swans,' twelve or fifteen miles on the road to New York. It was about nine o'clock of the same evening, that a carriage driving rapidly past the afore-mentioned inn, and wheeling into the stable yard, stopped in the rear of the building; while Squire Wilding, who had been awaiting its arrival, rushed to the door of the vehicle, and endeavoring to open it, began to speak in a soothing tone to its inmate.

'Mistress of my soul!' he cried, as he fumbled at the handle of the door, 'forgive the rashness of which I have been guilty, and believe that nothing but the ardent passion that burns in my bosom, could have induced me to cause you a moments uneasiness. (Curse the latch!' said he in an under tone—'My life—(come here, Tom, and open this infernal door)—is at your disposal, my honor, fortune—every thing.'

At this moment, Tom, by a violent jerk forced open the unyielding door; and the inmate of the carriage, anxious to escape springing quickly out, Black, Dinah in her ball dress, was enfolded in the arms of Squire Wilding.

'Why, Masser!' roared she, 'an't you ashamed of yourself! let me go! if I is black, you shan't play such pranks wi' me! you is a pretty white man, an't you?—but I will go right down to York, and tell old master of you—that's what I will!'

Wilder petrified by astonishment, did comply with the wench's request and let her go—and it is even thought from the quick backward movement that she made, all, unable any longer to retain her equilibrium, she falling seated herself in the soft mud of the stable yard—that his disgust communicated itself to his actions, and that he gave her a slight retrogade momentum.

'Tom, you rascal,' roared his master as soon as he recovered the use of speech,—'what in the name of all the fiends, does this mean?'

'I know nothing more about it than yourself, sir,' answered the servant;—I 'beyed the order to the letter, sir.'

'You did, with a vengeance,' muttered the disappointed squire. Then, perceiving that some of the inmates of the house were drawing near the spot, attracted by the noise, he spoke in a low tone to Tom, handing him, at the same time a bank note from his pocket book, to be divided between him and Dinah, on condition that they should not open their lips to any one about the events of the night. Such a promise was easily made, but not so easily complied with; and not many weeks went by, before Tom's ludicrous mistake became the common theme of conversation and laughter, in that part of the country.

On a pleasant evening about two months after this affair, as William and Sally, now joined in marriage, were walking arm in arm through a grassy lane, intending to ramble down to the old trysting place, a servant in livery rode up to them, and respectfully touching his hat, inquired if he addressed himself to Mr. William Thornton. On being answered in the affirmative, he handed him a letter. It was from the father of the dissolute young Wilding, and ran thus:

'New-York, October 20, 1820

Sir:—I have the satisfaction to announce to you, that the unfinished invention of your friend, Mr. Schemely, has recently been sold, under my direction to an ingenuous mechanist of this city, for seven hundred and twenty dollars;—from which sum I have deducted three hundred dollars (that being half the amount of Mr. Schemely's note, with your endorsement, which I herein enclose to you) and the balance I have directed to be deposited, subject to your order, in the bank of C——. Having been informed that the endorsement was an act of mere friendship on your part, I can not consent that you should lose a larger sum.

I have lately heard of a disgraceful affair, in which my son was concerned, while spending the warm weather in your part of the country; and can only express my pleasure that his dishonorable intentions were overruled. The ridicule which has attached to him in consequence of the termination of the base design, I am much in hopes will have a salutary influence on the rest of his life; should that be the case, we all should have great occasion to bless THE MISTAKE.'

A Mormon miracle knocked in the head.

One of Joe Smith's holy clan, finding that the disclosure of Mormonism by Bennett had the effect of shaking the faith of his followers, determined to set his brain to work to invent a scheme how to recover the lost confidence of his congregation, cost what it might. For this purpose he procured a dove and taught the bird to fly to him and eat from his ears in which he placed the grains that served for its daily food. Having, as he thought, sufficiently trained the bird he gave out that on the next sabbath after lecturing, he would prove by a miracle that he was a prophet of God. The day came, the meeting house was crowded; one of Etin's unsophisticated sons had been procured, under promise of eternal secresy, to hide himself in the garret, and to let the messenger of peace fly at the word of command. All was well arranged. With a countenance lit up with confidence of success, the latter-day saint began his exhortation, pronounced Bennett a scoundrel, a liar, and imposter, and to prove his assertions, he with a loud voice called on heaven to send down its Holy Spirit, in the form of a dove as it appeared hovering over our Saviour when baptised in the river Jordon. A dead silence prevailed, each eye was fixed with superstitious awe on the excited prophet, who with extended arms loudly called for the Holy Ghost. Again and again he called, but still no answer was made; at last, fearful that his Hibernian agent in the loft had not heard him, he fairly burst forth as he frantically clapped his hands and stamped his feet, "Holy Ghost, appear!"

When, lo! and behold the Irishman's red phiz protruded through the crack of the ceiling, and addressed the discomfited prophet in this wise:

"Arrah, be Jasus, how can the Holy Ghost be after making his appearance? Han't the cat ate him!"—[Mill's Point Herald.

A good Marksman.

At a squirrel he fired, near the top of a tree,
The squirrel ran up, crying "chee, chee, chee, chee,"
While he by the gun was kicked heels over head,
And thought, for a moment, he surely was dead;
But hearing and seeing the squirrel, he found
He was not, so he bawled as he lay on the ground,
"Mr. Squirrel, you could neither "chee" nor run,
Had you been like myself, at this end of the gun!"

Companions.

How careful should young females be in selecting their companions! Parents should guard them from contamination. Possessed of the best qualities, by falling into bad company they often become vicious. Rivers flow with sweet waters; but having joined the ocean, they become offensive to the taste. Though our hearts be naturally pure and sincere, many of our good or bad qualities depend on our connections.

Early Rising.

In the will of Mr. James Seargeant, is the following singular clause:

'As my nephews are fond of indulging in bed in the morning, and as I wish they should prove to the satisfaction of my executors, that they have got out of bed in the morning, and been either employed in business or exercise in open air, from 5 till 8 o'clock every morning, from the 5th of April to the 10th of October, being 3 hours; and from 7 to 9, from the 10th of October to the 5th of April each morning, during seven years, to the satisfaction of my executors, who may excuse them in case of illness, but the task must be made up when they are well, and if they shall not do this, they shall not receive a share of my property.

The Farmer.

Watery Potatoes.

Watery potatoes, or those in which carbon does not abound, are generally, indeed always, deficient in their nutritive qualities which depend on the presence of carbon. The latter cannot exist in its just proportion in an orchard and are never good: the light and oxygen which should act upon them is intercepted by the leaves of the various fruit trees; the deleterious portion of the carbon which the light and oxygen would have carried off, mixes with the watery particles of the vegetable, and it becomes not only deficient in nutriment, but absolutely unwholesome.

[From the Lan. Int.]

Breeding and Raising Swine.

As the time seems at length to have arrived, when the attention of our honest farmers is awakened, and inquiry is afloat as to the best method of breeding and raising swine, I hope you will not deny me a place in one of your columns for the little knowledge I may possess, gleaned from agricultural papers and my own observation and experience. For the better treatment of the subject, I shall divide my remarks into five different parts.

1st.—*The Choice of a Breed.*—For my own part I prefer the Berkshires; they certainly cannot be surpassed for mildness, disposition and easiness of keep, and no other breed marks their progeny as distinctly as they do. Next to them Mackay's breed is the best.

2.—Having chosen your breed select your breeders. I will give you now a description of what I consider a perfect hog. Small head, small ears, thin neck, broad shoulders, long and round in the body, deep in the carcass, short legs, and hams rather long than round.

3.—To preserve them in good health and appetite, mix with their food a little pounded charcoal once or twice a week, or throw it to them in lumps.

4th.—*The management and weaning of pigs.*—For the purpose of feeding little pigs, I have my pens so constructed as to permit them to go into their own apartment at pleasure, where food is always kept for them; they thus become accustomed to eating, and do not mind weaning at all.

5th.—*Cure for diseases to which swine are subjected.*

MEASELS.—The existence of this disease can only be known by the animals not thriving like the rest. Give him a clean, dry bed, and mix sulphur or a little antimony with his food.

CATARH IN PIGS.—Caster oil is very good, but wood ashes is an almost certain cure.

Blind staggers are caused by costiveness; give a dose or two of caster oil

MANGE OR QUINSEY.—Boil poke root with pot liquor, and season with meal, vegetables, &c., and let the hog eat heartily; give him this once or twice a week until he is well.

As to fattening, but little need be said—the whole matter consists in feeding but little at a time, often, and with regularity.

I hope if you think these remarks will be of service to any of your readers, you will publish them.

[From the Baltimore Farmer]

Mr. Slingluff's Crop of 87 Bushels of Corn to the Acre.

New Windsor, Md., Nov. 22, '42.

Sir:—In compliance with a request contained in yours of the 14th inst. I will proceed to give a sketch of the quality of the soil, and the mode of culture adopted by me, by which I produced seventeen and a half barrels (85½ bushels) of corn to the acre.

The soil is deep limestone intermixed with blue rather inclining to be heavy, (owing probably to a superabundance of allumine.) It laid about two years in clover and blue grass, and had become rather stiff; had been frequently manured for previous crops but never limed—it was ploughed in October about eight inches deep, and laid till the first of April, when it was well harrowed both ways—then regularly spread over with manure partially rotten, at the rate of nine loads (of about one ton each) to the acre—which was composed of stable manure, corn stalks and straw thrown together in the barnyard, where it is confined by embankments of clay, and the cattle were kept on it in the day time during the winter season.—The ground was then stirred about three inches deep, and harrowed over twice again as before—then laid off at the distance of three and a half feet east and west; commenced planting on the 8th of May, immediately after the plough, about four inches deep, four grains to the hill, put in dry, nothing in the hill with it; covered it with the hoe—running the rows north and south, the same distance apart as above—when the corn had come up, put on one handfull of plaster to every four hills, then run the harrow over it the same way it was planted—about ten days after, commenced with the cultivator east and west, being careful to go as close to the corn on each side of the row as possible—about a week after went through the other way, observing the same care to go close to the corn, which by this time was about six inches high.

About the 20th June commenced ploughing with a large shovel plough, as deep as the first ploughing, close to the corn—then through the middle twice with a long pointed double shovel plough, from twelve to fourteen inches deep, which left the ground perfectly loose and tolerably level; no hoe was used—nothing more was done except to put away the suckers carefully, so as not to injure the stalks from which they spring. The corn was the common large grained white. ISAAC SLINGLUFF.

☞ The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, at a meeting of the democratic members of both branches of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, held in the East Committee Room of the State Capitol, on Thursday evening, April 13, 1843, at which SAMUEL FEGELY, was chosen President, and *Luther Kidder*, Secretary:

Resolved, That as political parties are inseperably associated with every republican government, and are brought into existence from that salutary spirit of inquiry which is conservative of free institutions; and as the two great political parties, which exist under our government, have ever maintained antagonist principles, announcing distinct doctrines both as to the administration of the government and construction of its constitutional powers; and as we believe the permanent ascendancy of the Democratic party essential to the securite of our free institutions, it is our imperative duty, by a spirit of "union, harmony and concession, every thing for the cause," so to discipline and organise our strength as to present an unbroken phalanx to our opponents. We shall then witness, as in days past, The Flag of Democracy, which has so often led us to victory, again advanced and restored to its ancient triumphant position.

Resolved, That we have a decided preference for our own favorite candidate, JAMES BUCHANAN, for the Presidency, and beleive that his merits as a statesman and a citizen, his distinguished qualifications and great services, and his political principles give him just claims to the station: the Democratic party of Pennsylvania will assert the high claims of state and our candidate before the National Convention, and acting in accordance with the principles by which they have always been governed, will cheerfully abide by the result of that nomination; and act with that harmony and zeal with the democracy of the Union, which has heretofore distinguished them.

Resolved. That we have entire confidence in the triumphant success of the Democratic party at the next Presidential election, and cannot doubt that in sustaining the great principles of the party, each member will perceive the necessity of yielding his individual preferences after a nomination made according to our party usages, and will then give his cordial support to the nominee of the National Convention.

Resloved, That this meeting approves of the suggestion, already made by the Democracy of several of the States, that the National Convention for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, should be held in the city of Baltimore, in May, 1844.

Resolved, That the democratic party of Pennsylvania should adhere to its ancient usage of selecting delegates to the National Convention by a democratic state convention of delegates assembled according to the invariable custom of the party, who will select a delegation to represent the state equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives in Congress, and so far as Pennsylvania is concerned, we entirely disapprove of the election of delegates by Congressional districts,

Resolved, That we recommend a democratic state convention to be held on the 4th March next, A. D., 1844, to be composed of delegates equal to the number of Senators and Representatives in the state Legislature, and to be elected by the several counties and Senatorial districts according to the representation to which they may severally be entitled, and tor the purpose of producing as much uniformity as may be practicable as to the times of the election of delegates throughout the state, it is recommended that such delegates be elected in the several counties at any time succeeding the 1st of January A. D. 1844.

Resolved, That the delegates to the convention of the 4th March 1844, will have the important duties to perform of selecting suitable delegates to represent the state in the National Convention; forming an Electoral Ticket, and also of nominating a candidate to be supported by the democratic party in October 1844, for the high and important office of Governor of the state of Pennsylvania, and it is recommended to the several counties to give such notice of the primary and county meetings, as will procure a full attendance of the members of the party from which will be selected delegates, who will faithfully promote the wishes as well as the important interests of the people they represent

A Narrow Escape.

The Milton Ledger says that the Hon. Ellis Lewis, with two other persons during the recent high water, got into a canoe about Mr. Filbert's, (Union County,) designing to cross a deep water created in the road by the damming up of the river; and in starting out, by some means the boat upset, and Judge Lewis was thrown into the water, and would inevitably have perished, had not immediate assistance been rendered.

Interesting Family.—A meeting of six brothers recently took place at Eaton, Madison county, N. Y., which is perhaps without a parallel in the country. Dr. Silas Clark, of Herkimer county, aged 75, and his brother Nathaniel 76, James 71, John 69, Samuel 67, and Josiah 64, all vigorous and healthy, averaging 70 years of age, formed the circle. To witness such a meeting would almost pay for a trip from Albany to Madison, if the other brothers are men of intelligence and worth as we know the Doctor to be. [Al. Ar.

Father Miller is very ill and fears are that will not recover.

Democratic State Convention.

A meeting of the members of the Democratic State Central Committee was held pursuant to public notice at the house of Henry Buehler, in Harrisburg, on Saturday evening, April 29, 1843. On motion HENRY BUEHLER, Esq., was called to the chair, and BENJAMIN PARKE, Esq., chosen Secretary.

E. W. Hutter, Esq., offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were read, considered, and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, by a recent act of the Legislature it its rendered the duty of the freemen of Pennsylvania, at the next October election to choose a board of Canal Commissioners, and it desirable that the Democracy of this State should present a firm and efficient organization in reference to that question—Be it, therefore

Resolved. That in the opinion of the Democratic State Central Committee, here convened, the safest and most legitimate mode of placing in nomination candidates for said station is by a STATE CONVENTION, Representing the Democracy of all the counties.

Resolved, That this Committe hereby designate the FIFTH of SEPTEMBER next (first Tuesday) as the time, and Harrisburg as the place, for the meeting of said Convention, and that the same be composed of delegates equal in number to the Senators and Members of the House of Representatives.

Resolved, That the Democratic county committees be accordingly requested to call meetings for the election of delegates to said State Convention, at the times and in the manner usual to each county, and that they be chosen in conformity with the Senatorial and Representatives apportionment enacted at the recent session.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers and published in all the Democratic papers of the State.

HENRY BUEHLER, *Chairman*,
BENJAMIN PARKE, *Sec'y*.

[From the N. J. American.]

Awful Murder in New Jersey. $1000 Reward!

A whole family was murdered, men women and children, on Monday the 1st inst. near Port Colden, Warren county, N. J., with every circumstance of deliberate barbarity.

Mr. John B. Parke, an aged man, who for years has had the mania of converting all his property into specie, and the folly of boasting of the amount thus accumulated, lived on his farm—a bachelor—having in his house his brother-in-law, John Cartner, who worked the farm—his wife and four children—together with a servant woman.

Yesterday morning the neighbors were thrown into the greatest consternation, by hearing that all these persons, except the maid servant, who was not at home the preceding night, were murdered.

On reaching the spot, the most dreadful spectacle was presented. Cartner, who appears to have been decoyed out of the house, was partially thrown into a lime kiln, his head literally beaten to fragments with a rail, which was picked up close by, with all the horrid marks of the use that had been made of it.

On entering the house, Mr. Parke was found in his bed, dead, with his throat cut from ear to ear. His sister, Mrs. Cartner, and the infant at her side, in like manner murdered, and a little son of four or five years old stabbed in several places—and nearly dead.

There were two other children, but they slept in a distant part of the house—unknown probably to the murderers, and, most fortunrtely; the were not awakened by the deeds of hell perpetrating below.

The house was rifled completely—but what amount of plunder was obtained, no one could yet conjecture.

The news spread rapidly, the country is raised; and handbills are already circulating in all directions, offering in the name of the surviving relatives, $1000, for the arrest and conviction of the murderers.

Plunder, undoubtedly, was the motive, and universal opinion ascribed the deed to strangers, who must have come from a distance.

As there must have been two or three concerned, the hope seems reasonable that a clue will be found, and due punishment be awarded to the unparalle'ed massacre.

[From The Lancaster Intelligencer.]

An Infamous Scoundrel.

We invite special attention to the card subjoined. It is an exposure of the conduct of so-called Doctor Appleton, who has been figuring in these parts as a Temperance Lecturer, and is well known to our citizens of the city and county. The career of this scoundrel Appleton has been one of deep and relentless villany. His last partner, should he marry her, will make his fourth or fifth wife! Such rascality deserves the severest infliction of offended Society and Law.

This is another warning, however, to our citizens. We do not hold up our hands against treating strangers with all proper courtesy and propriety; but we do protest against this making them the inmates of our families, and the associates of our wives and daughters. To be a stranger heretofore has been a sufficient passport into the best circles; and the result has most invariably been, that the guest turns out a graceless scoundrel. In the case of Appleton this partiality was carried to its extremest verge. He came here suspected and more than suspected; the stories that followed him were well defined, but Doctor Appleton having reformed, all his past sins were forgotten, and we soon found how rapidly he was clearing his way. For our own part, though we may once or twice spoken favorably of his abilities, which are really good, we always treated him as a doubtful or suspicious character. It is to be hoped, now, that the good nature or humane feelings of our citizens will not prevent them from keeping these travelling scoundrels at bay. Let them be tried long before they are trusted. And especially when they come from another place charged with crime, for which doubtless they were compelled to fly, should they be taught to know the difference between themselves and respectable men.

In addition to the marriages of Appleton with four or five women, all of whom are living, and by one of whom he became a father, he was on the eve of contracting one or two more engagements, to our knowledge. It is stated, as a remarkable fact, that he was engaged to be married to two women on one day—both of them respectable; but of course both ignorant of his double villainy. One of these he married, which betrayed him to the other!

Subjoined is the statement in question.—The gentlemen signing it reside in Charleston, S. C.

The Rev. William T. Brantly, and another person, cautions the people of the South, and especially the Baptists, against a scoundrel calling himself Dr. Appleton, who has recently figured in Savannah and Charleston, as a temperance lecturer, and a Baptist clergyman, showing (forged) credentials and certificates, from the Rev. J. C. Harrison, of Bordentown, and Rev. G. S. Webb, of New Brunswick, (N. J.)—The fellow had three wives already.

"Having been admitted into a respectable family as a boarder, in this city, he continued to insinuate himself into the affections of one of its female inmates; and on the morning of Friday, the 21st instant, they left the house where they were, with all their trunks and baggage, and have not been heard of since. The lady who has sacrificed herself for this base fellow, is a widow, with one child, a little girl, who has accompanied the guilty parties. Appleton may be known among a thousand by his diminunitive size, and somewhat emaciated appearance. He has left a very amiable and accomplished wife in New Jersey. As the undersigned had the principal part in introducing this unworthy man to respectable notice in Charleston, they feel it to be incumbent upon them to atone for the error into which they were led by others, by thus warning the public of this insidious deceiver.

W. T. BRANTLY,
M. T. MENDENHALL."

Synopsis of the Annual Appropriation Bill.

For the support of Government from December 1st, 1842, to December, 1st, 1843.

For the expenses of Government,	$250,000 00
Payment of Pensions and Gratuities,	47,000 00
Militia expenses,	20,000 00
Colleges, Academies and Female Seminaries,	23.500 00
Common School purposes;	250,000 00
House of Refuge,	5,000 00
Institution for the instruction of the blind,	8,000 00
do Deaf and Dumb,	11,000 00
Repair of public grounds,	300 00
State Library, old debts and repairs,	2.000 00
Nicholson Commissioners,	4.500 00
Eastern Penitentiary,	8,000 00
Western "	5 000 00
Interest on 4th May issues,	30,000 00
Interest on certificates to Domestic Creditors,	72,000 00
Temporary loan under act of April '38,	15.000 00
Miscellaneous,	5,000 00
Payment of Lock keepers, Collectors and Weighmasters,	50,000 00
Canal Commissioners and expenses,	6,000 00
Extraordinary repairs on canals and rail roads	50,000 00
Total	$862,680 00

This is a less sum than has ever heretofore been appropriated to the same objects, and shows a commendable reform in many of its items.—[Penn. Reporter.

An act of Justice.

We see it stated that a subscription is about being taken up in Philadelphia, for the purpose of purchasing a sword to be presented to Commander Mackenzie as a token of respect for his conduct in the affair of the mutiny on board the Somers.—The ladies of Baltimore are about to present him with a splenpid pair of epauletts—and the merchants of New York intend to defray the heavy expenses he has been subjected to since his return home. This will be an incentive to Naval Officers to rigidly perform their duty, regardless of the denunciations of a few misguided and pretended philanthropists. A continued effort is still being made by the unpunished mutineers, to persecute him by every means, urged on by others who would not hesitate to, were it in their power, to commit the same deed for which Spencer was justly punished. [West. Rep.

"You owe me 15 shillings for an opinion you had of me," said a country Gripus to an honest, open hearted son of Erin.—Faith, honey, you are mistaken," replied the other, "I never had any opinion of you at all, at all."

Truth.—Some people, it has been said, are more deeply concerned about the payment of the State debts, than the payment of their own!

LEWISTOWN REPUBLICAN

WEDNESDAY MAY 10. 1843.

Henry Eisenbise,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

FOR PRESIDENT,
Gen. LEWIS CASS.
[Subject to the decision of a National Convention.]

FOR GOVERNOR,
Henry A. Muhlenberg,
(Of Berks County.)

Col. Barrett.

We are indebted to some friend at Harrisburg for a copy of "Mr. Barret's report from the Committee on the Judiciary System, on the subject of Capital Punishment, read in the House of Representatives, March 25, 1843." Mr. Barrett, in our opinion takes a very enlarged and able view of this important subject, and makes a clear and unanswerable report against the bill, then before the House for the abolition of Capital Punishment. The constituents of Col. B. may well be proud of their representative, In the late *fire* and *brimstone* session he proved himself equal to the responsibility which he has been called upon to assume. We will furnish it to our readers, who will no doubt find much of interest in its perusal.

Affairs at Washington.

It is supposed that by this time Daniel Webster has retired from the department of State under Captain Tyler, and rumor says he will be succeeded by the present Attorney General, Hugh S. Legare. Fletcher Webster has received a commission as Secretary of the Legation to China, at a salary of *five thousand dollars*. Mr. Cushing is to return to Massachusetts and take the stump for Congress, and Webster is to accompany him and use his influence in behalf of Mr. C. We notice other other contemplated changes, but as our authority does not warrant a belief that they will take place, we deem it unnecessary to state them. A Correspondent of the New York Aurora, a Tyler paper, gives the above information, and we are led to infer from other circumstances that the report is correct.

A Grave Joke.

We learn by one of our exchange papers that the body of a child was found in the canal, at New Brunswick, N. J. No Coroner being near, an Esquire Rooney was called upon, who held an inquest upon the body, having summoned a jury of twelve good and lawful men, according to the statute in "such case made and provided." The body was livid and partially decayed; the jury soon found a verdict of death from drowning, and the body was accordingly buried. Soon after this it was discovered that the inquest had been held on a monkey which had been thrown into the water a few days before this occurrence: The jurors have beeen tormented ever since for their grave inquest on a dead monkey.—One of them declares that "if it was a monkey, his tail was cut off mighty close."

☞ RICHARD S. ELLIOTT, formerly of this place, has been appointed an aid to his Excellency, David R. Porter, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. This appointment is a well merited tribute to the enterprising and talented young man upon whom it has been conferred, and an evidence that the Governor appreciates and rewards true merit.

Pennsylvanische Ztaats Zeitung.

This is a German Democratic paper published at Harrisburg by C. W. Hutter, of the firm of Hutter and Bigler, and Jacob Babb & co., being a union of two papers lately printed at that place, viz:—"The *Morgenroethe*," and "*The Staats Boten*,' These gentlemen were elected State Printers in the German language, for three years by the late legislature. The first number is before us; it is of a large size and ably conducted, both as regards the mechanical and editorial department. It supports the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN for the Presidency, and speaks highly of the Hon HENRY A. MUHLENBERG, considers him the most available candidate for our next Governor. The subscription is low, being only $1,50 per year. Every German in the State should take this paper.—It is certainly one of the best German papers in the State; we wish the enterprising proprietors success in this noble effort of uniting the two papers in the support of Democratic men and measures.

☞ Our country subscribers will find some useful information on the first page, relative to their pursuits.

☞ There is a woman in St Louis who professes to imagine herself the Virgin Mary. She is a native of Scotland, and says she had a call from the Holy Spirit to leave Glasgow and go to Nauvoo, where she should, on the *twenty-third of April*, be delivered of a Savior, immediately after which the world would be destroyed. Accordingly she proposed to be in Nauvoo at the time specified for the extra-natural accouchment. She is a believer in the transmigration of souls.

☞ The Haverhill Gazette tell a story of a Maine Senator, who went by mistake to the *Arsenal* instead of the State house, and demanded his seat. He was informed that he must enter his name on the books. He promptly did so, and soon found that he had *enlisted for seven years*.

There is but one one Coon in the Senate of Maine, and we suppose that amid such a flood of democracy that he became bewildered, and in his wanderings mistook the State Arsenal for the State House.

☞ Father Matthew, the great Irish Temperance reformer, has been invited to visit this country by Bishop Kenrick, on behalf of the Societies in Philadelphia, and is confidently expected to come during the summer.

More Wonders.

The 'People's Friend' of April 1st, published at Covington, Iowa, says—'We have been credibly informed that a lady of this place, of unimpeachable character, saw a *Bloody Sickle* suspended in the heavens, one night this week. Having occasion to get up out of bed to attend to her children, who were indisposed, about midnight, she looked up and was viewing the planetary region, and behold this extraordinary phenomenon riveted her attention. This year has certainly been one of the most remarkable that the history of the world has on record.

ANOTHER.—A kitten was recently born in Cascalvo street, New Orleans, with eighteen hundred and forty-three tails. It was named "Miller," as the phenomenon is supposed to refer to the final dissolution of all things. We have the authority of the New Orleans Crescent City for the above.

We frequently hear the Whigs exclaiming and exulting in the anticipation of Henry Clay's election in 1844. If asked what evidence they have, they tell you to look at the unanimity which prevails in their ranks, that 'all' the old Harrison men are for Clay, in short they tell you that the whole country is rising en masse for Harry of the West. As an indication of this harmony and good feeling amongst our opponents we subjoin the following which we find in the editorial columns of Fenn's paper, the Pennsylvania Telegraph, the leading whig paper in Pennsylvania. That paper was one of the warmest and most enthusiastic supporters of "Tippecanoe and *Tyler too*," and is now one of ablest and best conducted whig papers in the country. As an evidence of its influence we might point to its subscription list, which, we have it from undoubted authority, is treble the number of the Clay organ in Harrisburg. The hydra head of Whiggery is almost defunct. It will linger along util the next Presidential election, after which it will be heard of no more. Even now it is talked of as a thing that was. Poor old dog—let it die.

The Nether Flag Candidate

The most prominent and *ad captandum* device for securing the vote of the enlightened portion of the American public, is a wood cut of Henry Clay riding to mill in his shirt-tail, in the character of the mill boy of the slashes. This was published in the Richmond Whig. May we not look for Clay processions, with enthusiastic followers, costumed, rank and file, like the sable gentleman in the 'Devil's Walk,' whose

'Coat was black, and his breeches blue,
With a hole behind where his tail went through.'

We would respectfully suggest to the partizans of Mr. Clay the expediency of procuring if possible the identical shirt-tail for a banner. It would vie with the white rag of the Bourbons as an oriflamme.

Gen. Cass in the Union.

If General Cass is the Democratic candidate for the next Presidency, he will receive 25,000 majority in Ohio, as we confidently believe.—[Perrysburg (O) News.

That would be just half of the majority the Keystone would give him.—[Harrisburg Argus.

We will subecribe 10,000 majority for the General in Maine, if he is nominated by the Convention in '44.—[Maine Ledger,

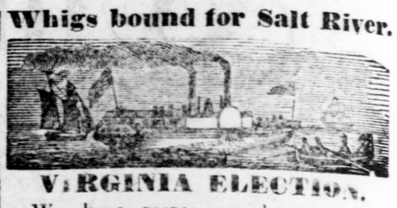
Cannot our friends in the Hoosier State beat Maine?—[Har. Argus.

Don't be alarmed, Mr. Argus, the signs of times indicate strongly that not only the Hoosiers, but every State will be found at their posts when the day of trial comes.—

GOOD.—"*The Mistake*" on the first page. Read it.

Delightful Weather in these "diggins."

Whigs bound for Salt River.



VIRGINIA ELECTION.

We have scarce ceased to record the glorious Democratic triumphs in New Hampshire, Connecticut and New York, before we are called upon to add to the list of Democratic victories, those of Virginia. The returns from this truly orthodox State, are precisely such as might be anticipated from a people so strongly devoted to the principles of Jefferson and Madison. The Whigs have been routed, horse, foot and dragoons. Even John M. Botts, so notorious in the coon skin campaign of 1840, das been defeated! The returns as far as received, present the following glorious result:

The Globe says, "we have not yet received complete returns from any congressional district; but have received enough to state, with certainty, that the Hon. John W. Jones (dem.) has beaten the Hon. John M. Botts (W.) in the Richmond (6th) district; Wm. Lucas (dem.) has beaten Faulkner (W.) in the Frederick (10th) district; George C. Dromgoole (dem.) is elected without serious opposition in the Brunswick (2d) district; and Chilton (W.) is elected in the London (9th) district.

From our information from the state before the election, and from the partial returns now received, we think the congressional delegation will stand as follows:

Democrats,	11
Whigs,	8
Tyler. (Wise)	1

The democrats in Wise's district, it is expected will vote for him to a man; and if they do, he will be elected.

From partial returns which the Whigs have received from two counties—Spottsylvania and Caroline—they expect to defeat the Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, (dem.) in the Caroline (8th) district, with W. Newton (W.) We don't beleive it; admitting the partial returns received to be correct.—The Whigs seem to have forgotten that King and Queen and King William, (both strong democratic counties,) are in the 8th district.

DELEGATES ELECTED.

DEMOCRATS.—Chesterfield 1, Frederick 2, Norfolk 2.

WHIGS.—Richmond 1, Henrico 1 Petersburg 1, Spottsylvania 1, Berkley 2, Jefferson 2, Fairfax 1, Caroline 1, Southampton 1, Princess Anne 1, Nansemond 1. [Keystone.

Mexican Indemnity.

As many of our citizens have a considerable interest in this matter, we publish the following extract from the Baltimore American. We have heard from other sources that thre is every reason to beleive that the Mexican Government is preparing to meet its Treaty engagements in good faith; and if due vigilance and activity are used by our own Government, we have no doubt that we shall soon have an earnest of this, in the receipt of the first instalment. It is to be paid at Mexico on the 30th of this month.

The Baltimore American says:

We are informed on good authority that the Mexican Minister has on several occasions given the assurance to individuals, that the instalments due on the 30th instant under the late convention with Mexico, will be most certainly paid.

Is not our own Government in fault in withholding from those interested, any material information it may from time to time receive affecting the value of Mexican scrip? It should not permit the long suffering claimants to be sported with by greedy speculators; who may wantonly and unjustifiably assail the good faith of the Mexican Government by means of newspaper paragraphs, wholly regardless how deeply they may injure the interests of their fellow citizens.

For the Republican.

Mr. EISENBISE:—In perusing a late number of the Pennsylvania Reporter, my attention was directed to an editorial article headed "Something every body don't know," giving the information that active members of any Fire Company are exempted from military duty. I am not aware that there is a regular Fire company in this place, and I thought to myself that this was a sufficient inducement to the young men of Lewistown to form one.—There is certainly enteprise and spirit enough amogst us to form one, and I do not know what association could be formed which would be more useful, or more creditable to the town. We should not be behind our neighbors, Huntingdon, Bellefonte, Mifflintown and other places who have such institutions amongst them, composed of their enterprising and spirited young men. For one, I will join one if it can be formed, and do all I can to advance and prosper it. Let us see who will have the honor of moving first in the formation of a Fire Company

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

☞ What a scrabbling there will be now to try and be first, in getting up a fire company. We coincide with our young friend as to the propriety of the measure, and give him credit for suggesting it. And we hope the appeal will not be made in vain.

Major Noah is talked of as successor to Commodore Porter at Constantinople.

Relief and other Notes.

The latest information shows the following rates:

	Demand notes.	Relief.
Berks county	65a70	5½a6½
Girard	30a32	— —
Moyamensing	2a 3	5a6½
Manufacturers and Mechanic	par	5a6¼
Pennsylvania	1	1a2
Towanda	75a80	7a8
United States	45a49	— —
Discounts on Suspended Banks.		
Carlisle	3	5
Columbia Bridge	1a2	5
Chambersburg	3a4	5
Erie	7a0	6a7
Farmers', Lancaster	1	5
Farmers' and Drovers', Waynesburg	9	—
Farmers', Reading	1a1¼	5
Gettysburg	3	5
Harrisburg	3	5
Lewistown	1	5
Lebanon	3	5a6
Lancaster county	1a2	5
Lancaster	¾a1	5
Middletown	3	5
Northumberland	4a5	5
Northampton	65a85	6a7
Pottsville	5¼	5
Susquehanna co.	12a16	5
Wyoming	7a8	5
York	3	5

INVALID READ.—One disease hast thou only, an impurity of the blood, which by impeding the circulation, becomes settled on some organ or part, and immediately illness ensues. Dr. Brandreth's Universal Vegetable Pills cure this disease; because they remove, by perseverence with them, all the impure particles from the blood by the stomach and bowels, which may be justly termed the sewer of the human body They take the bad and leave good humors to give life and health, and it is morally impossible they can fail to cure, provided nature is not entirely exhausted. The thousands who use and recommend them is proof positive of their extraordinary and beneficial effects.

Remember, these Pills are not sold genuine at any Drug store, either in city or country.

Purchase of Jno. A. Sterrett. Lewistown, and of the other agents published in another part of this paper.

Caution.

The public are hereby cautioned not to meddle or interfere with the following property, sold at Constable's sale in Decatur township on the 29th of April, as the property of William Price in whose possession it is left until I see proper to remove it:

One black cow and calf, one red heifer, one calf, 10 head of sheep in a lot, a lot of grain in the ground, four shoats, one corner cupboard, one mantle clock, one desk, 25 or 30 bushels of stone coal, 200 bushels of charcoal, one large anvil and one blacksmiths hammer.

JACOB SIGLER.

May 10 43.

Notice.

THE undersigned, have been duly appointed *administrators de bonis non* with the will annexed of John Wertz, Sr., dec. All persons indebted, are hereby notified to pay the same, and all persons having claims against the said dec'd, will present their claims duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID McCLURE,
THOMAS McCORD,
Adm'rs de bonis non of
John Wertz, Sr. dec,d.

Lewistown, May 8 43

ATTENTION!

LEWISTOWN GUARDS.

YOU will assemble at your Armory, on Tuesday morning, the 23d of May, 1843, at 5 o'clock, A. M., in summer uniform, for review and inspection, at the borough of M'Veytown, on Tuesday the 23d of May, inst., at eleven o'clock, A. M. Punctual and early attendance is required of every member.—Each member to be provided with 13 rounds of blank cartridge.

By order of the Capt.

D. W. McCORMICK, O. S.

May 8th 1843.

N. B.—Those members of the Lewistown Guards, within the bounds of the 1st Bat. Brady Regiment, who have signed the constitution of said company and have not their certificates of discharge from the Captains of said company, and all other members are hereby notified that if they do not in full uniform attend said parade on the 23d of May inst, they will be fined, and the said fine shall and will be collected according to law.

Also—Members of Lewistown Guards who have joined other companies within the bounds of said regiment, and who do not attend in full uniform of said company on 23d of May inst. and parade with said company will be fined, and the said fine shall & will be collected according to law.

Every member who appears on parade without his uniform in good order will be fined according to the rule and regulations of said company.

By order of the Captain.

D. W. McCORMICK, O. S.

JOB PRINTING
Neatly and Expeditiously
EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

NEW and CHEAP GOODS.

BLYMYER & PROWELL
Corner of Market & Wayne st's,
have just been receiving from Philadelphia, a large assortment of

Spring and Summer GOODS,

such as French, English and Domestic Cloth, do. Casimere, Fancy and Plain Linen Drillings for pants, Summer Cloths, Marseilles, Valencia and Satin Vestings, Windsor Gambroon, Black and Blue Black Silks, Colored, Figured and Plain Silks, Brayham Mous D'Laine, French and English do. Painted and Balsorine Lawns for dresses, Plain, Ala Pacha and Mosaic Lustre, Scotch and French Ginghams and Chintzes, *CALICOES* of all qualities and styles, from 6 to 25 cents per yard, bleached and unbleached *MUSLINS* from 6 to 12½ cents per yard. A *first rate assortment of silk and cotton HOSIERY.*

Also, the CHEAPEST
GROCERIES
IN THE COUNTY.

SUGAR 6 1-4 cents per pound, COFFEE 10 cents per pound, N. O. MOLASSES 40 cents and Sugar-House Molasses 50 cts per gallon. Together with a good assortment of

HARDWARE,

which we are determined to sell Low for Cash. tf

Lewistown, may 3 43

J. BICKELL & A. SMITH

HAVE associated themselves into a firm to carry on the manufacture of

PAPER

of all kinds and qualities, at the old establishment, within half a mile of Adamsburg, Beaver township, Union county.

The mill is entirely remodelled, and the most approved machincey introduced, so as to enable the proprietors to furnish

PAPER TO ORDER,

of any quality required, at short notice and reduced prices.

The neighboring counties of Huntingdon, Centre, Juniata, Perry, Northumberland, Lycoming, Clinton, Clearfield. &c. will find it to their advantage to deal at this establishment.

Liberal deductions made for cash—and all country rags taken in trade, or a liberal cash price paid for the same.

may 3 43 6mo

NOTICE.

DR. J. J. APPLEBAUGH, having removed from Lewistown, has left his books with Henry Kulp, Esq. for collection, persons knowing themselves indebted will please to call and make settlement, on or before the first of June next; no longer indulgence need be expected.

may 3 43

Iron COMMISSION House.

SAMUEL D. ORRICK of the late firm of Orrick, Grubbs & Parker, and CHARLES O. B. CAMPBELL, late of the firm of J. Stauffer & Co. have formed a partnership under the firm of

ORRICK & CAMPBELL,

to transact a *General Iron Commission Business* at

No. 47, Walnut Street,

below, 2d st. Philadelphia.

ORRICK & CAMPBELL.

P. S. They are agents for the sale of Syracuse (N. Y.) SALT.

Philadelphia, Ap. 29 6mo

CAUTION.

Whereas my wife CHARLOTTE has absconded from my bed and board on Friday last without any just cause, the public is hereby cautioned not to harbor her at the peril of the law or to trust her on my account, as I am determined not to pay one cent of her contracts from the date hereof.

JAMES McMANAMY.

McVeytown, May 1st 1843.

Lewistown Academy.

THE Trustees of this Institution, take pleasure in announcing to the public, that the Summer Session will open on the 19th inst.; and every thing requisite to qualify pupils fo entering College or for Business will be taught, in the most approved manner. They have procured the professional services of Mr. S. CARPENTER, A. M., a gentleman who has experience in teaching, having taught for many years in some of our best Colleges, and whose testimonials of a scholar are of the highest order.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Chemistry.—The Classics and Mathematics will be taught.

The Terms of Tuition will be the same as those of Acade nies in the vicinity.

Good Boarding can be had in genteel houses at $1 50 to $2 00 per week.

JOSEPH B. ARD,
Pres. B. T.

Ap 17 43

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

ACRIMONIOUS HUMORS, THE CAUSE AND ONLY CAUSE OF ALL PAIN AND DISTRESS IN THE BODY.

☞ PAIN is the warning given by the nerves that there are acrimonious humors in the body. No man had ever an affection of the lungs but it arose from ACRIMONIOUS HUMORS having settled there.—No man had ever pain in the head or an affection of the heart, but it was produced by the presence upon those parts of ACRIMONIOUS HUMORS. So with Rheumatism, it is the acrimonious humors which have settled upon the membrane of the muscles. So with dysentary, the acrimonious humors have settled upon the mucus membrane of the bowels, aggravated in most cases by the retention of HARD FECAL matters in those important organs. There never was

PAIN OR DISTRESS

in any part of the body (unless it was produced by an accident) that was not occasioned by the presence of

ACRID HUMORS.

It is these humors which have to be expelled, and by so doing the

PAIN OR DISTRESS

is sure to be removed. This is as certain as that

ONE IS LESS THAN TWO.

To do this with certainty, the

BRANDRETH PILLS

must be used. They are as innocent as bread, yet all-powerful as a remover of the cause of sickness—may be taken at any time of the day or night, without alteration in diet or fear of cold. Sold by the following AGENTS.

JOHN A. STERRET,	Lewistown.
WM. HARDY,	Waynesburg.
STROUSE & NORTH,	Newton Hamilton.
CHAS. A. THOMPSON,	Mexico.
WM. STEWART,	Huntingdon.
JNO. M. HALE,	Bellefonte.
JNO. HOFFMAN,	New Berlin.

Observe that such agent has an engraved certificate of Agency, containing a representation of Dr. Brandreth's Manufactory at Sing Sing and upon which also will be seen exact copies of the new labels now used upon Brandreth's pill boxes.

Philadelphia Office No. 8, North 8th st.
B. BRANDRETH, M. D.

Ap 26 43

NOTICE.

THE Undersingned having been appointed assignee of Nathaniel Comfort, notice is hereby given that the books of said Comfort are in my hands, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, as the books will be left in the hands of a proper officer for collection after the first of May. Persons having claims will present them as soon as possible.

SAM'L MILLIKEN,
Assignee.

Ap 26 43 3t

Public Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Mifflin County, will be sold on Monday the 5th day of June next, (1843) on the premises, in Newton Hamilton, Wayne township, a certain *HALF LOT of GROUND*, with a FRAME

DWELLING HOUSE

and other improvements thereon erected, being thirty feet in front on Water street, and in depth one hundred and thirty feet, together with several

VACANT LOTS,

situate in the said Newton Hamilton, in Wayne township, aforesaid, the property of Mathias Moody, dec'd.

Terms of sale will be made known and attendance given on the day of sale, by

JOHN MORRISON, Adm'r.

Ap 19 43

Public Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court for the County of Mifflin, will be sold on Monday the 5th of June next, (1843) at the house of James Turner, in the borough of Lewistown, a certain *LOT of GROUND* with a FRAME

DWELLING HOUSE

and other improvements thereon erected, situated in the borough of Lewistown aforesaid, and bounded by Water street on the south, a lot of Barbara Swisher on the west, a sixteen feet alley on the north, and lot of the heirs of Alexander Anderson on the east, as the property of James Eager, dec'd.

Terms of sale, one half purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in one year thereafter, with interest, &c.

D. W. M'CORMICK, Adm'r.

Last Notice.

All persons who know themselves indebted to the undersigned for verdict fees, bills of costs in the sessions, or otherwise, are requested to make payment on or before the 26th day of May next. And also, all persons against whom I have *Writs* in my hands, as late Sheriff, for collection, are urged to an immediate settlement, as no longer indulgence can be given. Necessity compels me to this course.

JAMES TURNER,
Late Sheriff.

Ap 19 43

N. B. All unsettled accounts will be put into the hands of a Justice for collection, after the above date.

JUSTICES BANKS

At this office.

REMOVAL.

ROBERT H. M'Clintick has changed the location of his Cabinet Ware Room, to within one door of the corner of the public square, Market st. west end, and nearly opposite to the RED LION HOTEL of Major Daniel Eisenbise, where the public are invited to call and examine his furniture. He has a choice assortment.

Mahogany Chairs of all descriptions, Spring-seat Sofas, Bureaus & Dressing Bureaus, Mahogany Dining and Card Tables, Cherry End, Dining & Breakfast Tables, Mahogany, Cherry and Poplar Bedsteads;

all which articles he will sell as low as they can be purchased in the cities, for cash or good paper on reasonable terms.

He invites those who wish to purchase, at least to give him a call before they purchase from abroad.

COFFINS made, and funerals attended at the shortest notice.

ROBERT H. M'CLINTIC.

Ap 5 43 2mo

GRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, No. 159 CHESNUT St.

MAKE Insurances on Lives, grant Annuities, and Endowments, and receive and execute Trusts.

RATES FOR INSURING $100 ON A SINGLE LIFE

Age	For one year.	For 7 years annually.	For Life annually.
20	$0 91	$0 95	$1 77
30	1 31	1 36	2 36
40	1 69	1 83	3 20
50	1 96	2 09	4 60
60	4 35	4 91	7 00

Example:—A person aged 30 years, by paying the Company $1 31, would secure to his family or heirs, $100, should he die in one year, or for $13 10 he secures to them $1000; or for $13 60 annually for 7 years, he secures to them $1000 should he die during the 7 years; or for $23 60 paid annually during life, he provides for them $1000 when he dies; for $65 50 they would receive $5000 should he die in one year.

Further particulars respecting Life Insurance, Trusts, or Management of Estates and Property confided to them, may be had at the Office.

B. W. RICHARDS, *Pres.*
JNO. F. JAMES, *Actuary.*

Philad'a, Ap 8 43 6mo

Old Eclipse.

THIS CELEBRATED

HORSE

is again the property of James Criswell & Sons, of M'Veytown, and will be at their stable the spring season. His reputation is so well established as being master of a large tribe of the finest saddle and harness horses ever raised in our country, that the blood of his relatives are not necessary to be enumerated.

The Farmers are invited to call and see

OLD ECLIPSE

at his "*HEAD QUARTERS*," in M'Veytown, any time between this date and the first of August.

Ap 10 43

A CARD.

THE subscriber respectfully announces, that his Academy will be open for the reception of pupils Wednesday April 12th—where will be taught the following branches:

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, & Composition. Geometry, Algebra.—The application of Algebra to Geometry, Conic Sections, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry—Heights and Distances, Surveying and Levelling, (with field Exercises.) Mechanics, Natural Philosophy—including Optics, Pneumatics, Hydrostatics, &c, Book Keeping by single and double entry, The Latin and French Languages, Drawing, Painting and Music. A portion of the time will be devoted to Military Discipline.

An assurance is given, that the most strict attention will be paid to the mental, as well as moral advancement of those submitted to his charge.

THEO. FRANKS.

Lewistown, Ap. 12 43

TO THE PUBLIC.

Those persons wishing to build and others, are hereby informed that I have leased the

BRICKYARD

belonging to Daniel Fichthorn, at the West end of Lewistown, and will soon be prepared to accommodate the public in this article. Contracts on reasonable terms will be entered into at any time, persons who intend to build this summer will do well by calling on me before they contract *elsewhere*. I am determined from a long experience in the art of making brick that none shall excel mine in workmanship—I will take lumber and all kinds of country produce in exchange at market price.

PETER PRINCE.

Ap 13 43

TUSCARORA ACADEMY.

JUNIATA COUNTY, PA.

THE summer session will commence on the 17th of April. Every thing requisite to qualify pupils for entering College, or for business, is here taught in the best manner. Its healthful location, its seclusion from the scenes of temptation and vice incident to towns; the very low rate of expenses, and the untiring exertions to make this institution a school of Bible morals, as well as of intellectual training, have won for it a high degree of celebrity. Mr. David Wilson A. M. returns to conduct the Classical and Mathematical departments. His high qualifications as a Scholar and Teacher, are extensively known and appreciated. He will be aided in the English department by a competent assistant. Pupils from a distance are required to board in the Academy, unless by special permission. The hours of study, as well as of school, are conducted under the superintendance of one of the teachers: and the entire time is definitely regulated by judicious rules.

A vacation of four weeks occurs in July; also, one in April and October, of eight days each.

TERMS.

Boarding, per week,	$1 25
Washing, per quarter,	1 50
ed and bedding,	1 00
Contingent,	25
For tuition in Reading, Writing Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, &c, per quarter,	2 50
Natural and Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, &c.	3 50
Classics and Mathematics,	5 00

Each quarter to consist of eleven weeks and a half. No deduction made for absence, unless caused by sickness.

☞ Punctual payment always to be made one quarter in advance. Those who do not pay in advance will be charged 10 per cent extra.

N. B. Should the State appropriation be withdrawn, the price of tuition must be increased about 20 per cent.

M'KNIGHT WILLIAMSON,
President, B. T.

Tuscarora, Juniata, Co. Mar 28 2mo

ATTENTION MILITIA.

TAKE notice that the 2d Battalion 22d Regiment will parade at Lewistown on Friday the 12th day of May.

The 1st battalion 22d regiment at the house of Jacob Lotz, Reedsville, on Monday the 15th day of May.

R. D. SMITH, Col.
22d Reg. P. M.

Ap 25 43

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned not to meddle with the following personal property purchased by me at a Sheriff's sale, sold as the property of Thompson M'Manigle, on the first day of April, inst. and for which I paid the cash, viz:

One brown mare, one dun do. one wind mill, one cutting box, one black cow, one striped cow, three young cattle, seven hogs, one cow and calf, four sett horse gears, two saddles, two ploughs, two harrows, one brass or copper kettle, one stove, one clock, one book case and drawers, one bureau, rye and wheat in the ground, all of which property I loaned the said Thompson M'Manigle and left them in his care. I will enforce the law against any person, Sheriff or Constable that will molest the same or any part thereof, of which they are hereby notified.

JAMES TURNER.

Ap 5 43

Hall's Patent Horse Power Thrashing Machine,

The trouble and vexation of the various sweep Machines are now obviated by the invaluable Machine, patented by Mr. Hall Where Hall's Machine is known and used it is said the Sweep Machine is thrown al together aside. It is so constructed that it cannot wear out for a number of years, and will not require more than a dollar a yearto keep it in repair. It requires but two horses to thrash one hundred and fifty bushels of wheat in eight hours, taking up no more room on the barn floor than a double stall, or place for two horses. The great advantages of Hall's Machine, over every Swee Machine, are

1st. It will not get out of repair, and cannot be broken be fair usage.

2nd. It is compact—takes so little room that it can be set in any Barn, under cover, where thrashing may be done in wet or stormy weather.

3rd. Two Horses are all that is required to operate it—thus saving the trouble and expense of employing more horses, as well as the expense of a driver, none being necessary. It is lighter work for two horses on this machine than for four on any sweep machine.

4th It can be put in operation in 15 minutes after arriving on the ground, no digging or staking being necessary.

5th. It is warranted to thrash as much grain, with two horses as can be thrashed on any sweep machine with four.

6th. It can be used for sawing wood—one horse will drive a circular saw, sufficient to cut twenty cords of wood in a day and two horses would be sufficient to grind corn in the ear. One horse being ample to drive two common Turner's lathes. It could do all the bark grinding, and pumping with from one to two horses necessary for country Tanneries generally. Inshort it can be put to a great many uses, and will be found one of the most valuable inventions of this class, which has been introduced for many years.

Farmers and others are invited to call and see the machine in operation, at the barn o Joseph Milliken, near Lewistown.

The undersigned are prepared to build Hall's Machine complete, at reasonable price—warranted. They have purchasee the Patent right for the counties of Mifflin Centre, Union, and Juniata.

JOHN R. WEEKS, & Co.

Lewisown Dec. 1841.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

By the former Editor of the Saturday Evening Post and Saturday Courier.

Comprising the fruits of twenty years experience in the Newspaper business; the aid of the most distinguished newspaper writers of the day; a valuable Foreign Correspondence; with troops of Literary friends, and the determination to publish a Newspaper for all classes, which

SHALL NOT BE SURPASSED.

Philadelphia Saturday Museum.

Of Knowledge, News, and Amusement.

A Family Newspaper, neutral in politics—opposed to quackery, and devoted to the Arts, Education, Morals, Health and Amusement.

The Tales, Sketchs, Narratives, Biographies, Essays, and Poems, shall be of the first order—the best productions of the best writers of the day. Also, articles on Hystory, Astronomy, Chemistry, and all the Arts and Sciences, with a liberal portion of light reading, anecdotes, wit and humour, making a varied, rich, and mirth-inspiring Olio.

LIFE ON THE OCEAN.—Furnishing narratives of sterling adventures at sea, showing the courage and heroism of the bold Mariner, as

He springs from his hammock and flies to the deck,
Where amazement confronts him with images dire,
Wild winds and mad waves drive the vessel a wreck,
The masts fly in splinters—the shrouds are on fire.

Foreign and Domestic News, Congressional Proceedings, and a general view of all matters of interest or importance, will appear.

PICTORIAL EMBELLISHMENTS, comprising maps, landscapes, architecture, portraits of distinguished personages, of both sexes. In these, as well as in neatness, of typography the Museum shall not be surpassed.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.—Arrangements have been completed for securing a regular Foreign Correspondence more extensive and complete than has ever enriched the columns of an American Newspaper.

COMMERCIAL.—The state of business, of stocks, prices of grain, flour, and all descriptions of country produce, merchandize, &c., will be given from sales in Philadelphia, Baltimore, New York, Boston, &c.

Select and Original Gems From the best productions of the best Writers of the day.

TO AGENTS.—Terms of commission.

Any individual who will take the trouble to procure the names of his friends, and remit the funds, will be entitled to the commissions which are at present, and will continue to be, until further notice, more liberal by far, than have yet been offered by any Newspaper of character or merit.

TERMS.——The Philadelphia Saturday Museum is published every week at $2 per annum, as usual, in advance, or $3 at the end of the year.

☞ For $20, in current funds, 16 copies will be forwarded, securely packed, to any part of the United States. 3 copies for $5. All orders and communications to be addressed, free of postage, to

THOS. C. CLARKE & CO.
No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

Mar 23

Brigade Orders.

THE Militia and Volunteers of the first Brigade, 10th division, P. M., will parade at the following order:

The 1st Battalion, 73d regiment, will parade on Monday, the 8th day of May.

The 2nd Battalion, 73d Regiment, will parade on Tuesday, May 9th.

The 1st Battalion, 127th Regiment, will parade on Wednesday, May 10th.

The 2nd Battalion, Brady Regiment will parade on Thursday, May 11th.

The 2nd Battalion, 22d Regiment will parade on Friday, May 12th.

The 2d Battalion, 127th Regiment will parade on Saturday, May 13th.

The 1st Battalion, 22d Regiment will parade on Monday, May 15th.

The penns-Valley Volunteer Battalion will parade on Tuesday, May 16th.

The 2nd Battalion, 11th Regiment will parade on Wednesday, May 17th.

The 1st Battalion 22d Regiment will parade on Thursday, May 18th.

The 2nd Battalion, 12th Regiment will parade on Friday, May 19th.

The Union Battalion will parade on Saturday, May 20th.

The 1st Battalion, 12th Regiment will parade on Monday, May 22d

The 1st Battalion, Brady Regiment will parade on Tuesday, May 23d.

Brigade Inspector's Office.
Lewistown, April 5, 1843.

DANIEL EISENBISE,
Brigade Inspector
1st Brigade, 10th Division, P. M.

THE TEETH.

DR. S. P. ORBEN,

RESIDENT DENTIST

Respectfully informs the citizens of Lewistown and its vicinity, that he is permanently located in Lewistown, and will at all times be prepared to perform any and all the various operations on the TEETH.

His office is on Main street, adjoining the office and residence of Dr. James M'Connel.

The great utility of judicious dental operations is now so generally understood, that all those who duly appreciate the value of the *Teeth* will at once have them attended to.

Refer to

Rev. Mr. WOODS, Dr. JAS. M'CONNEL,
Dr. VANVALZAH, Dr. J. J. APPLEBAUGH
Lewistown.
Dr. WM. REICHARD,
Belleville.

March 22 1843

Natural Principles.

It is written in the Book of Nature and common sense, that the natural vegetable production of every country are, if properly applied, amply sufficient for the cure of every bodily incident in that clime.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are founded upon the principle, that the human body is subject to but

ONE DISEASE,

viz: corrupt humors, which when confined to the circulation, give rise to those disordered motions of the blood called fevers; but when lodged in various parts of the body, are the cause not only of every ache or pain we suffer but of every malady incident to man.

It should be remembered that Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are composed of root and herbs, which grow spontaneously on our own soil, and consequently are so admirably adapted to our constitutions that, while they cannot possibly injure even the most delicate a perseverence in their use, according to directions, is absolutely certain to drive disease of every name from the body.

When we wish to restore a swamp ormorass to fertility do we not drain it of the superabundant water? In like manner, if we would restore the body to health, we must cleanse it from impurity.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, will be be found peculiarly adapted to carrying out this grand purifying, because they expel all corrupt humors in an easy and natural manner and while they every day give ease and pleasure, the constitution is restored to such a state of health and vigor, that disease wil find no abiding place in the body.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS*

As the great popularity of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, has raised up a host of counterfeiters the public are cautioned against imposters, who are travelling about the country selling to the unsuspecting storekeeper a spurious article for the above celebrated Pills.

CERTIFICATE OF AGENCY,

Of which the following is a copy:

This is to certify that the within named ——— is a regular and duly appointed —— Agent for the sale of Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills, in the town of ———, State of ———, and this certificate, which is signed by Wm Wright Vice President of the North American College of Health, must be countersigned by the acting Clerk or Agent, from whom said certificate is received.

This certificate of agency will be renewed every twelve months, therefore if any alteration should be made in the date, do not purchase.

The public are further informed that all who receive the above certificate, are also required to sign the following

☞ PLEDGE. ☜

This is to certify, that the subscriber, by certificate bearing even date herewith, signed with the proper handwriting of William Wright, Vice President of the North American College of Health, ——— been appointed ——— Agent for the sale of

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS,

Or Indian Purgative,

in the town of ———, and State of ———, to hold and continue in said Agency during the pleasure of said Wm Wright, and no longer, any thing contained in the said certificate signed by the said Wm Wright, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding. In consideration whereof, I hereby covenant and agree to and with the said Wm Wright that I will not sell, or expose for sale, any medicine bearing the above or a similar name, during my said Agency, other than that which I receive from his authorized Agent or Agents, under the penalty of five hundred dollars to be by me paid to him, as liquidated damages. Witness ——— hand and seal, the ——— day of ——— one thousand eight hundred and forty ———

Thus it will be seen that the friends of the genuine medicine may be perfectly free from any apprehension of fraud, as all agents, who are provided wih a certificate of Agency, have invariably signed the pledge not to sell any Indian vegetable Pill except those received from the above named Wm Wright, or his authorized agents.

Country Agents and others, will be on the guard against travelling imposters, and remember that all authorized travelling gents are also provided with a certificate of Agency as above described, and that Pills offered for sale, by those who cannot show a certificate of Agency are sure to be counterfeit.

Agents.

William P Elliott, Lewistown,	Mifflin co
John Purcell, Newton Hamilton,	"
J. Criswell & Sons, M'Veytown,	"
Patton & Sigler, Allenville,	"
do do Whitehall,	"
Daniel Overholser, Belleville,	"
D C Miller, Browns Mills,	"
Landis & Watts, Perryville,	"
E E Locke & Co. Lockes' Mills.	"
Lewis & Roberts, Ebensburg,	Cambria co.
J Myers jun., Johnstown,	"
John Orner, Summit Town,	"
Brockenhoff & Irwin, Bellefonte,	Centre co.
James A Booker, Centre Hill	"
J & J Potter, Potters Mills,	"
Adam Fisher, Centreville,	"
J & W L Musser, Millheim,	"
O P & W C Duncan, Aaronsburg,	"
Samuel Dubbs, Rabersburg,	"
Samuel Lipton, Milesburg,	"
Henry Adams, Walkersville,	"

"Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of the Medicine, wholesale and retail, No 288 Greenwich street New York; No 198 Tremont street Boston; and Principal Office at 169 Race Street Philadelphia."

To Let

THREE houses with their apurtenances situated on Third street, in Lewistown opposite the Methodist Church, with a well of water in front, and cisterns in the yard, are for rent from the first of April next.—Enquire of the subscriber, at his Grocery in Lewistown, aforesaid.

ROBERT McNEAL, Exec'r of Mrs. COOPER.

March 29, 1843.

Medicated Cough Candy.

Just received, and for sale at the Drug Store of W. P. Elliott, Main Street.

Feb. 13, 1843.

WILLIAM H. IRWIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office in Main street, one door north of E. L. Benedict Esq.

TO THE WHOLE WORLD,

It is admited by all who have used them (and who has not?) that

Dr. Peter's Vegitaale Antibilious Pills.

Are the most unrivalled remedy ever discovered by the ingenuity of man. They are a sovereign cure for the following complaints: Yellow and bilious Fevers Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Croup, Liver complaint, Sick headache, Jaundice, Asthma, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Spleen, Piles, Cholic, Female Obstructions, Heart burn, Furred tongue, Nausea, Distentions of the stomach and bowels, Incipient Diarrhœa, Flatulence, Habitual Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, blotched or sallow complexion, and in all cases of torpor of the bowels, where a cathartic or Apperient is needed.

They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither Nausea, Griping nor Debility. They are extensively used and commended by practicing Physicians, in all parts of the Union, from whom any quantity of certificates of their value can be obtained.

Dr. J G Smith of Woodstock, Va. says—'They are a better pill than I can make.' He recommends them to all.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD

We ask the attention of every man woman and child in the United States, to what will prove to be the most Valuable discovery ever made, a discovery that only requires to be known to be appreciated.

Dr. Sherman's Medicated Lozenges.

Are the best medicine in the world. Quere. Why Simply because they are the most efficacious, the cheapest and the pleasantest to take. What are they? They are a combination of the most approved remedies in the whole medical kingdom, and so prepared in double refined sugar as to make them as pleasant to the taste as the best cream candy, children will eat them with avidity, besides they are more convenient than any other medicine, they are put up in a single form of a Lozenge so that a few may be put in the pocket and eaten at pleasure. There has never been a single instance in which they have failed to give perfect satisfaction. The Medical Faculty warmly approve of them.

SHERMAN'S COUGH LOZENGES

Are the safest and most sure and effectual remedy for colds, Consumption, Whooping Cough, Asthma, tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c. &c.

Mr John Starkey, foot of Governeur street, cured of cough of eighteen months standing, supposed to be a settled consumption, by these Lozenges, when the physicians could do nothing for him.

SHERMAN'S WORM LOZENGES

Proved in more than 40.000 cases to be infallible, the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovery

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—Pain in the joints or limbs offensive breath, picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, and at times a paleness about the lips with flushed cheeks, bleeding at the nose, a knawing sensation at the stomach, flashes of heat over the surface of the body slight chills or shiverings, headache drowsiness vertigo torpor, disturbed dreams sudden starting in sleep with fright and screaming sometimes a troublesome cough feverishness thirst palid hue fits bad taste in the mouth difficult breathing pain in the stomach or bowels, fatigue nausea, squeamishness voracious appetite leanness, bloated throat, itching of the anus toward night a frequent desire to pass something from the bowels and sometimes discharges of slime and mucus.

Dr Gelen Hunter, 108 Sixth Avenue, knew a child that was cured of fits by these Lozenges, after three years suffering, and when nothing else would give the least relief. A boy on board of one of the Havre packets was cured of fits by only one dose of them

SHERMAN'S CAMPHOR, OR HEADACHE LOZENGES.

Give immediate relief in nervous sick headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits despondency, inflammatory or putrid sore throat, bowel or summer complaint fainting oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest cholic spasms cramps of the stomach or bowels hysterical affections and all nervous diseases drowsiness through the day and wakefulness at night, cholera or cholera morbus' diarrhœa lassitude or a sense of fatigue. Persons travelling or attending large parties will find the Lozenges really reviving, and imparting the buoyancy of youth—used after dissipation they will restore the tone of the system generally, and remove all the unpleasant symptoms arising from too free giving.

John M Moore Esq., Editor of the Brother Jonathan was cured of a severe headache in six minutes by three of the Camphor Lozenges—he was prejudiced against them.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.

1 000,000 sold yearly of this best of all Plasters. Rheumatism Lumbago Pain or weakness in the Back, loins side breast neck or limbs effectually cured by it.

☞ Only 12 1-2 cents each and warranted superior to all other Plasters in use. Be particular to get Shermans Poor Man's Plasters, or you will be imposed upon. Avoid the spurious and worthless imitations. The name is stamped on the back of each, get none without it or you will be deceived.

A fresh supply of the above Valuable medicines just received and for sale by J. A. Sterrett, Lewistown.

W. & J. Reed, Perrysville,
J. & J. Potter, Potter's Mills.
A. H. Bell, Greenwood.
Patton and Sigler, Allenville.
Leonard Kessler, Mill Creek.

☞ Purchasers will be particular and inquire for Dr Sherman's Lozenges, which are alone known and approved.

Cough Lozenges only 25 cents a box.
Worm Lozenges 25 do do
Camphor or Head ache Lozenges, 25 cts per box
Poor Man's Plaster, only 12 1/2 cents a piece.

Lewistown, Aug. 1, 1842. 1y

Build Up Lewistown.

LUMBER.

Jacksereek Saw-Mill.

Having now two good Saw Mills in opefation sawing from 2,500 to 3,000 feet of lumber per day and having removed to the mills to superintend them myself I will be enabled to fill bills either oak, pine, or hemlock, and deiver the Lumber to any point in the Borough of Lewistown at short notice and gratifying to say ACCORDING TO PROMISE, at the following prices viz:

Common frame stuff, $15 00 per 1000 ft.
do to do 6 by 6 and under 20 ft. long $12 50 per 1000 feet.
from 25 to 36 ft. long $17 50 per 1000 feet.
3-4 boards $11 25 per 1000 ft.
Shingling lath and fence pales $5 00, over 5000 ft to one bill $4 25.
Plastering lath 3 ft long $2 25, 3 ft long $2 50, 4 ft long $2 75, 4 to 5 ft $3 25.
Cord wood on the ground $1 per cord, cash.
Chips 12½ cents per cart load 1 horse.

Bills for lumber cannot receive attention unless they are written with a pen, dated and the signature to it.

SAMUEL HOPPER.

May 4, 1842.

Bankruptcy.

ASSIGNEE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Major Daniel Eisenbise, who is decreed a Bankrupt, are hereby notified that the books and notes of the said bankrupt are left in the hands of George Miller, Esq., for collection. Those persons knowing themselves indebted will please call and settle the same immediately, as suits are directed to be brought against all delinquents without respect to persons. D W. McCORMICK,

March 29, 1843. *Assignee, &c.*

NOW FOR BARGAINS.

CHAIRS, CHAIRS, CHAIRS.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Lewistown, and the puplic generally that he has on hand at his WARE-ROOM, immediately opposite the office of Henry Eisenbise Esq. a splended assortment of chairs, consisting of the following kinds, viz:

Fancy, Common and Windsor Chairs, and Settees,

of every description. The subscriber having been engaged in the business for a number of years in this place, and as it has always been his aim to render general satisfaction, hopes to retain the patronage bestowed upon him.

All the above named articles and every thing in his line of business, he will furnish in the *neatest style and fashion*, and most reasonable terms, and warrant them to do good service, a constant supply of the above mentioned articles may be seen at his ware room west of the court house market street, and immediately opposite the office of Henry Eisenbise Esq.

House painting, paper hanging, glazing &c. done at the shortest notice, sash frames painted and glazed, and all orders in that line of business promptly attended to and the charges extremely moderate, glass cutting done at the shortest notice.

Turning of all sizes and patterns, such as Rose Blocks, circular sash for Dorman windows, newels posts, stair Banisters of all descriptions, and charges moderate.

Pump Buckets of every description manufactured for either force, draw or air pumps.

His chair factory is nearly opposite the Jail on Market street, where he will at all times be ready to wait upon his customers in any of the above articles.

N. B. Chairs, Settees, &c. repaired and ornamented, on the shortest notice, and charges low.

He returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Lewistown and the public generally for their patronage heretofore, so liberally bestowed on him. They may rest assured that all the above mentioned articles will be manufactured at the shortest notice, and to please all. ZACKARIAH ORNER.

Lewistown, Feb. 20, 1843.—6mo

P. S. The public are respectfully invited to call and see and judge for themselves. All kinds of lumber or produce will be taken in exchange for chairs.

WANTED. Also one more steady boy, and will be taken if application be made soon.

Z. O.

DR. MERRICK'S Vermifuge.

Among the numerous articles offered to the public as remedies for worms, none have proved so pre-eminently successful as MERRICK'S VERMIFUGE. This medicine is not only a safe and positive cure for the worms, but so pleasant to the taste, that it may be given to the most delicate children without inconveniance. For want of timely relief, thousands of children are yearly carried to an untimely grave by these pests to juvenile health nd happiness. The unexampled popularity, the increased demand, and the spontaneous applause and testimonimouials of hundreds that have used this medicine, prove it one of the most useful compounds of the present day. Price 37½ cents, per Cottle.

The Pocahontas or Indian Vegetable Pills.

As a mild and gentle purgative cleansing the bowels from all impurities, purifying the blood, restoring the loss of appetite, removing headache, flatulency, habitual costiveness, &c, these *Pills* have not an equal in the catalogue of Medicines. They are an infallible remedy for that class of diseases denominated, Bilious—Speedily correcting themorbid state of the liver and stomach, and restoring them to healthy action; bilious fever, jaundice, bilious cholic, ague and fever, bilious vomiting, dyspepsia: &c, are speedily cured by their use. Price 25 cents per Box.

☞ Country Merchants and Druggests would promote their interests by procuring a supply of the above articles.

Agents for the above article in Mifflin County.

FRANCIS McCLURE Lewist'n
W & T REED Perryville

Jan. 4th, 1842.

NOTICE.

The Estate of Sarah Morrison, dec'd.

Letters of administration o the estate of Sarah Morrison, late of Wayne township, dec'd having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated.

GEO: ASKIN, Adm'r.

Newton Hamilton, Mar 28 43

TO MERCHANTS

OF THE WEST AND THE COUNTRY GENERALLY.

The subscriber takes this method of inform the Public that he has established a

SICKLE MANUFACTORY.

in the township of Armagh in this county, and has made arrangements with J & J Milliken merchants in Lewistown to keep them for sale for him, where the merchants in the west as well as in the country round about can be accommodated on reasonable terms. The sickles are warranted to be of a superior quality to any manufactured in this country, or elsewhere—and to be sold at city prices.

J DOCKE.

Ap 13 43

CHAIRS.

The suqscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Lewistown and its vicinity, that he has opened an establishment for the manufacture of Chairs, Settees, &c., of the following kinds, viz *French Chairs, Half French, Greecian, Fancy curled Maple, Black Walnut, Office, Fancy and Windsor, Boston Rocking, Spring seat Mahogany, Night Cabinets, and Studying Chairs.*

SETTEES.

Mahogany, Fancy, Cushion, cane and common Settees,

on an improved and fashionable plan,

SETTEE BEDSTEADS,

both elegant and useful, designed to close up, making a handsome Settee with cushion sea for the day time.

The subscriber having been for seve[ral] years past engaged in the above business ra the cities of New York and Providence, R. in flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all those who will hono him with their patronage.

All the above mentioned articles, and every thing in his line of business he will furnish in the latest style and fashion, on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to do good service.

N. B.—Chairs, Settees, c., repaired and ornamented on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

A constant supply of the above mentioned articles may be seen at the Wareroom, one door east of the Store of Mrs. Jane M'Cormick and immediately opposite the store of Patterson and Horner.

GEORGE W. SWAIN.

Lewistown, January 13, 1841.

Encourage Home!

WINDSOR CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

CALL AND SEE.

The subscribers respectfully inform the inhabitants of Lewistown and its vicinity, that they have purchased the chair manufactoring establishment lately owned by Mr. John Evans. And that at their ware room, nearly opposite *Frederick Schwartz's Western Hotel*, will be found every article in their line of business, consisting of the following kinds, viz: Fancy and common Windsor chairs, and SETTEES of every description.

The subscribers having been engaged in the business for a number of years in this place, and the eastern part of this State, profess to understand their business, and with that confidence in their capacity to make good work, and with a determination to please all who may call to encourage new beginners they hope to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

All the above named articles and every thing in this line of business they will furnish on the most reasonable terms, *cheaper than ever sold in this place*, and warranted to do good service, a constant supply of the above articles may be seen at the ware room opposite the Western Hotel.

House painting, Glazing, &c., done on the shortest notice, Sash Frames painted and glazed, and all orders in that line of business promptly attended to, and the charges will be extremely moderate.

Glass cutting in all its branches. Turning done of every kind and description, chairs and settees &c., repaired and ornamented on the shortest notice, on the most favourable terms.

They canbe found at their shop at all times ready to wait on their customers.

Country produce will be taken in exchangefor work &c. in their line.

KITTING & SEARER.

Lewistown Feb. 15, 1843.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,

And Boot & Shoe Manufactory.

HENRY Butler, late of Newton Hamilton, takes this method of making it known to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed from the above place, and located himself at WHITE HALL, on the great road leading to Huntingdon, through the centre of the rich and beautiful Kishacoquillas Valley, where he has opened a TEMPERANCE HOUSE, for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, and is prepared to do justice to all who will favor him with their custom, on the temperance principle.

His table shall not be surpassed by any in the country, being determined to supply it with all the relishments the market and country can produce; adding to it good strong *coffee or tea*, as to beverage, COLD WATER, of the purest in the valley.

His stables are good, and well filled with feed of all kinds, and attended with careful ostlers. In short nothing on the part of the landlord shall be spared to render his customers agreeable, and to please all shall be his aim.

In place of the *critter* what makes men noisy very often, the noise of the shoe-hammer will be heard about the premises, wishing to be understood by this, that he will carry on the shoe making business in all its various branches,, and shoes and boots will be made to order upon the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.—He begs leave to solicit the public's patronage also in this line or branch of his business.

HENRY BUTLER.

White Hall.
Ap 3 43

DR. SWAYNES'

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

Prunus Virginiana or Wild berry,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Spitting Blood, Soreness of Throat, Whooping Cough, and all diseases indicative of CONSUMPTION.

Delays are Dangerous.—So it is with those who neglect their Colds and Coughs. At first you complain of having a Cold, which is neglected; after which a soreness is experienced in the Bronchia, with a Hacking Cough, and finally the disease settles upon the lungs, which the patient will soon perceive by a wasting away of the body, attended with hectic fevers and spitting up of florid blood and mattter from ulcers on the lungs; a pain and weight is also experienced at the affected part of the lungs; the functions of the animal economy grow languid; the body becomes dry the eyes sink deep within their cavities; at length the patient pays the debt of nature, when he is flatttering himself with the hopes of a speedy recovery. To obviate all those distressing symptoms "Spare no Time" in procuring the above Invaluable Medicine at the very commencement of your Colds and Coughs whereby your health may be secured and time and money ved.

Cheap! Cheap!! HARDWARE

Look out for the sign of the *MILL SAW.*

No. 9 South 5th street.

The subscriber invites the attention of the country merchants to his CHEAP and well selected stock of Hardware which he offers very low for CASH or good City acceptance. Such as

'Buehlers' celebrated cradling & grass scythes, hay grain and manure forkes, rakes, spades, shovels, hoes

together with every article in the hardware line.

MARTIN BUEHLER.

Don't forget no. 9 North 5th st. Phiada.

LEWISTOWN.

BLIND MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he intends to carry on the VENICIAN WINDOW BLIND MANUFACTORY, at his residence on Valley Street a few doors west of Jacob Muthersbaughs Tavern, as the subscriber has relinquished the Cabinet Making business, he intends to carry on the above business in all its various branches,—he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of Venitian Blinds of all sizes and colours—he will also dress up old blinds at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase these articles, will do well to call on the subscriber before purchasing elsewhere, as he intends to keep constantly on hand a large assortment. Orders from any part of the conntry or town will be punctually attended to, and neatly put up.

Anthony Felix

Lewistown, August, 1, 1842.

Try all, proae all, and hold fast to that which is best."

HATHAWAY'S PATENT, HOT-AIR COOKING STOVE

The subscriber takes this method to inform the public, that he still continues to manufacture, and keeps constantly on hand, these Hathaway Cooking stoves of various sizes and prices. This stove, wherever used, does its own talking in a practical manner, and needs not any exaggerated puff to recommend it to a discriminating public. There has been so much imposition practised, heretofore, in the sale of the article of cooking stoves, than the subscriber is resolved to let all who wish, test the utility of the HATHAWAY STOVE in his own kitchen, under his own supervision. Hundreds of certificates from those who have given the stove a fair and hon st trial, could be subjoined, but it is not deemed necessary; but merely the adoption of the maxim at the head of this bill.

ARTHUR B. LONG.

October 22, 1842.

ALSO keeps for sale, a general supply of all sizes, paterns and descriptions, together with an extensive assortment of Copper, Tin, and Sheet iron ware.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices, for the above articles. Orders from abroad will meet with prompt attention. A. B. L.

The undersigned are agents for the sale of the Hathaway stoves, with either of whom usibness may be transacted.

JOSEPA SOURBECK,
J. A. PIERCE,
PETER CLUM.

IMPORTANT PROOF,

Of the efficacy of Dr. Harlich's Celebrat Medinine.

The following certificate was sent by Mr. E. B. Hinman, Agent at Cincinnati Ohio. "Mr Ezekiel Rigdon, of Andesson Township, Hamilton County Ohio, was several days troubled with Bilous Affectios Acidity at the Stomach, attended with thn usual symptoms of Dyspepsia, and havine made trial of various medicines without finding relief, was cured by above medicine

Attest. EZEKIEL RIGDON.

For sale st he store of F. Mc Clure nung Mifflincounnty.

J. HANADEN FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Vine street Wharf Schuylkill, Philadelphia,

Eespectfully informs his friends and the Public that he continues at his old stand, where he will be ready at all times to transact business on the most advantageous terms by reducing his charges to the lowest scale

The Union Canal Company & the Schuylkill Navigation Company have put the whole line ito complete order and made such reductions on their tolls as will give the route by the Union Canal the decided advantage both in safety and cheapnsss to the shippers of produce and merchandise.

Philadelphia March 4, 1842.

THE TRUE GERMAN RHEUMATIC PILLS.

This remedy stands in the highest reputation in Germany, but only for Rheumatism from cold, it causes a favorable alternation of the stomick, and substance by which the Rheumatism will be radically cured, it must be taken according to the direction, it is the surest easiest medicine, when a person has tried before every kind of medicine without relieve, these persons get quite entirely relieved, before the course of taking this is over, these pills will not purge.

A person who is afflicted with the Rheumatism about twelve years and longer cannot be cured, because this evils will in so many years take too deep a hold on their system, Nothing is without exception, persons with rheumatic pains, which are subject to abstruction their body can likewise not be cured. Persons who are healthy except the rheumatism, and not of above ten years standing, will find by this medicine a radical cure if there are afflicted all over the body ever so much, with pains and stiffness, many persons have already found entire relief Certificates can be shown to persons wishing to see them.

Rheumatism may be known by the following simtons, as stiff neck, pain in the shoulders back, hip, in the knees and ankles, moving from one part to another, rheumatic Tooth ache, headache, pains in the ars, in the side sometimes stiches, &c., &c.

☞ The above rheumatic pills can be had at the Publication Office of the Republican, in Lewistown, and sold by Henry Eisenbise agent. Price $2,00 a box.

Feb. 27, 1843.

DRUGS, DYE STUFFS, PAINTS &c.

The subscriber has just opened a fresh and general assortment of drugs &c., among which are the following:

Annatto, Antimony, Aloes, Arsenic, Aqua Fortis, Borax, Cartharides, cream Tartar, Flour Sulphur, Jalap, Ipecacuana, Gamboge, Opium, Liquorice ball and root, Verdigris, Litharge, Burgundy pitch, Caster Oil, Sweet Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Bear's Oil, Arrow Root, Quinine, Cochineal, Gum Arabic, Shell lac, Gum Tragacanth, Copal, Rhubarb, Nut gall, Sugar lead, Rochelle Epsom and Glauber salts, Blue Vitriol, Isinglass, Pink root, Senna, Saffron, Assafoetida, Prussia Blue, chromic vellow and green, Nicaragua, Fustice, Madder, Logwood, White lead, Venitian red, Spanish brown, Lamp Black, Alum, Sealing wax, and wafers, court plaster, cologne, Paint brushes &c. &c.,

PATENT MEDICINE &c.

Opodeldoc, British oil, Oil Spike, Oil Sassafras, Lehman's worm tea, Adhesive plaster, Seidlitz's and Soda powders, Ink powder, Blue and Black Ink, indelible ink, Scales and weights (for Physicians, Syringes, Shaving soaps, British lustre, Lee's, Hooper's, Anderson's, Brandreth's, Moffatt's, and Wrights Indian Vegetable Pills, Columbian Vegetable Specific compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, Bateman's drops, Dalby's carminative, Balm of columbia, Houcks panacea, Eye water, Vermifuge, worm tea, and a great variety of other articles, which will be disposed of on moderate terms.

W. P. ELLIOTT.

Lewistown, Jan. 13, 1843.

NEW GOODS.

The subscribers respectfully inform the Public that they have just received a assortmeut of Goods consisting in part Blue, Black, Brown, Green, Steel mixed Cadet. Cloths, Cassimers, & Coatngs. Silk Velvets, Vestings, Merino Centen Flannels, Italion Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Bosoms, Shirt Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Stockings, Book Holands, Figured Silk Bindings & several assortmeut of trimmings also a assortment of Annuals for 1843. Law cellaneous & School Book, Full & Bound Blank Books, Almanacks, Quills, Slates, Wafers, Ink Sand &c which they will sell cheap for cash or country produce, and request the Public to give them a call. All persons who have accounts standing longer than six months are requested call and settle them and save costs as times are such that we are compelled to lect our debts.

COGLEY & McCAT.

A large assortment of made up Clothing which we will dispose of very cheap. The Tailoring business carried on, and the latest fashions just received. C. & M.

New and Cheap Goods!

The subscriber has just opened a large and handsome assortment of fine blue, black, invisible green and mix'd broad cloths, heavy plain and diamond beaver cloths, handsome English and French merinees, alpaca cloths, mousline de laines, tured and plain silks, merino, woolen broche shawls, London & American prints carpetings, fur and cloth caps, flannels &c. &c. together with a desirable assortment of GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE all of which will be sold ow for cash or country produce.

I would also give notice to those who keep accounts with me that their bills will generally be rendered half yearly, and in no instance be permitted to run over a year—Persons who know themselves indebted to me for more than one year will please attend to their accounts at once, as they will save costs by it. Necessity compels me to adopt this course, as no money is to be had in the cities now only for prompt payment.

L. T. WATSON

Nov. 15th 1842.

NOTICE.

The Estate of James Glasgow, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of James Glasgow, late of Wayne township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated.

JOHN PURCELL, *Adm'r.*

Newton Hamilton, March 21 43.